

**SCHEDULE B****SCHEDULE B – DESCRIPTION OF THE AGREEMENT AREA**

The ILUA area covers all the land and waters subject to that part of Pastoral Lease 398/810 (Gogo) within the external boundary of native title determination application WAD6008/00 Gooniyandi Combined 2 (WC00/10) as accepted for registration on 23 April 2001, being an area east of a line defined as commencing at the intersection of the eastern boundary of that pastoral lease and the centerline of Christmas Creek; Thence generally north westerly downwards along that centerline and onwards to the centerline of the Fitzroy River; thence generally north easterly upwards along that centerline to the prolongation westerly of the centerline of Margaret River; Thence easterly to and generally easterly upwards along that centerline to Longitude 125.651283° East; Thence northerly and easterly passing through the following coordinate points:

| <b>Longitude (East)</b> | <b>Latitude (South)</b> |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 125.651283              | 18.165255               |
| 125.651283              | 18.148588               |
| 125.667950              | 18.148588               |
| 125.684617              | 18.148587               |
| 125.701285              | 18.148587               |
| 125.717952              | 18.148587               |

**Note****Data Reference and source**

- Agreement boundary data compiled by National Native Title Tribunal based on data sourced from Landgate (WA).
- Native title determination application WAD6008/00 Gooniyandi Combined 2 (WC00/10) as accepted for registration on 23 April 2001.
- Non Freehold data sourced from Landgate, WA (February 2013).

**Reference datum**

Geographical coordinates have been provided by the NNTT Geospatial Services and are referenced to the Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA94), in decimal degrees and are based on the spatial reference data acquired from the various custodians at the time.

**Use of Coordinates**

Where coordinates are used within the description to represent cadastral or topographical boundaries of the intersection with such, they are intended as a guide only. As an outcome to the custodians of cadastral and topographical data continuously recalculating the geographical position of their data based on improved survey and data maintenance procedures, it is not possible to accurately define such a position other than by detailed ground survey.

Prepared by Geospatial Services, National Native Title Tribunal (18 February 2013)